

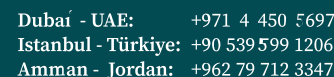


International Financial Reporting
Standards (IFRS) in Saudi Arabia:
Compliance with the Saudi Organization
for Chartered Accountants (SOCPA)

21 - 25 Feb 2027

Amman (Jordan)





standards.

- Apply best accounting practices to ensure precise compliance with international financial reporting requirements.

Targeted Competencies

Upon completing the program, participants will develop competencies including:

- Preparing financial statements according to the latest IFRS standards.
- Analyzing differences between accounting standards and comparing IFRS and Saudi GAAP.
- Managing the transition to IFRS and addressing the challenges associated with this phase.
- Enhancing compliance with SOCPA requirements and ensuring accurate, transparent financial data.
- Applying effective strategies in international accounting to ensure adherence to financial regulations in Saudi Arabia.

Applying IFRS in Saudi Arabia: Challenges and Opportunities

With the ongoing shift toward IFRS, companies in the Kingdom face several challenges, including restructuring financial data, ensuring accounting systems comply with new requirements, and ongoing staff training. This transition also presents significant opportunities to enhance financial transparency and attract foreign investment by providing financial statements aligned with international standards.

This training program will help participants overcome these challenges and maximize the benefits of implementing IFRS in Saudi Arabia, enabling them to improve their accounting and financial practices in accordance with the highest international standards.

Course Content

Unit 1: Introduction and Key Financial Statements

- Standard setters in financial accounting.
- Role of the International Accounting Standards Board IASB.
- Saudi Organization for Chartered Accountants SOCPA.
- Updates on significant changes during the transitional period.
- Comparison of financial statement presentation and classification:
 - Statement of Financial Position.
 - Statement of Income and Comprehensive Income.
 - Statement of Cash Flows.
 - Statement of Changes in Equity.

Unit 2: Adoption of IFRS 1 for the First Time

- Situations subject to IFRS 1.
- Opening statement of financial position under IFRS 1.
- Mandatory retrospective application exceptions.
- Optional retrospective application exemptions.
- Cost option: measuring assets at fair value at the date of transition.

Unit 3: Comparison of Current and Non-Current Assets

- Cash and cash equivalents.
- Inventory cost calculation methods.
- Initial recognition value.
- Subsequent measurement.
- Estimated cost at sale.
- Property, plant, and equipment.
- Cost model vs. revaluation model.
- Depreciation of components.
- Handling idle assets.
- Assets received as part of a donation.
- Intangible assets.
- Cost model vs. revaluation model.
- Capitalization of setup and construction costs.
- Research and development costs.
- Investment property.
- Cost model vs. fair value model.
- Depreciation using the fair value model.
- Capitalization of borrowing costs.
- Accounting for dismantling costs.
- Impairment of long-term assets.

Unit 4: Comparison of Liabilities and Equity

- Recognition and disclosure standards.
- Provisions.
- Contingent liabilities.
- Contingent assets.
- Components of other comprehensive income: new to SOCPA.

Unit 5: Accounting Changes and Discontinued Operations

- Accounting policy changes.
- Changes in estimates.
- Correction of prior period errors.
- Initial recognition of discontinued operations.
- Subsequent measurement of discontinued operations.

Unit 6: Recent IFRS Standards

- IFRS 9: Financial Instruments:
 - Classification of equity and debt investments under IFRS 9.
 - Fair value through profit or loss FVTPL.
 - Fair value through other comprehensive income FVTOCI.
 - Amortized cost AC.
 - Determining the business model for asset classification.
 - Initial and subsequent measurement.
 - Transfers between categories.
 - Impairment under IFRS 9.
- IFRS 15: Revenue from Contracts with Customers:
 - Step 1: Identify the contract.
 - Step 2: Identify performance obligations.
 - Separating goods from services.
 - Step 3: Determine the transaction price.

- Effect of time value of money.
- Accounting for variable consideration.
- Step 4: Allocate transaction price to performance obligations.
- Step 5: Recognize revenue when performance obligations are satisfied.
- Separating performance obligations satisfied over time from those satisfied at a point in time.
- IFRS 16: Leases:
 - Reasons for transitioning from IAS 17 to IFRS 16.
 - Recognition exemptions: recording a lease as an expense.
 - Impact on low-value asset leases.
 - Determining a lease contract.
 - Separating contract components.
 - Accounting for lessees.
 - Accounting for lessors.
 - Effective date and transition.



**Registration form on the :
International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) in Saudi Arabia: Compliance with the
Saudi Organization for Chartered Accountants (SOCPA)**

code: 121424 **From:** 21 - 25 Feb 2027 **Venue:** Amman (Jordan) **Fees:** 3300 **Euro**

Complete & Mail or fax to Mercury Training Center at the address given below

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Full Name (Mr / Ms / Dr / Eng):

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Position:

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Telephone / Mobile:

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Person Responsible for Training and Development

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